The Critical Importance of Connectedness for Talent Retention

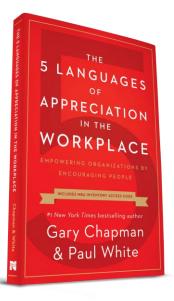
with Dr. Paul White Sponsored by Terryberry April 14,2022





Ask questions...Win!

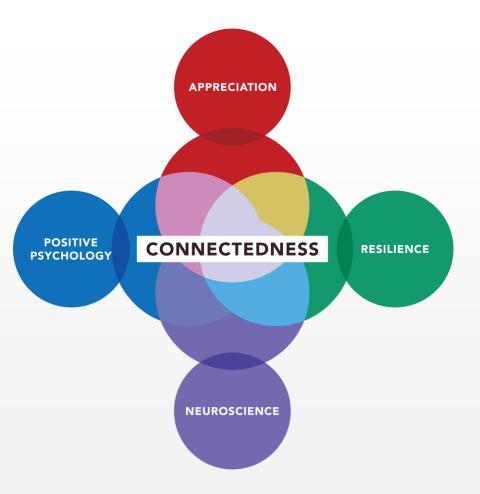
If we address your question live, you'll receive a complimentary copy of The 5 Languages of Appreciation in the Workplace, by Dr. Paul White.



Q & A will take place at the end of the webcast, but you can submit questions anytime.

Connectedness

What the research on positive psychology, resilience, neuroscience, and appreciation shows



Logistics

You will be able to obtain:

- the handout version of the slide deck
- a copy of the *NY Times* full-page feature article on our work
- access to the *Training* magazine article on connectedness
- a sample report of the *Motivating By Appreciation Inventory*

Email <u>yesdrpaul@gmail.com</u> with "Terryberry" in the subject line

Goals for Today

1.

Gain a more accurate understanding of the Great Migration

Learn the importance of Connectedness among employees

Review the foundation for the Positive psychology movement

Identify the core factors which contribute to Resilience Be introduced to recent relevant findings in Neuroscience

6.

Discover how appreciation develops Connectedness

7

Access practical resources to increase Connectedness among employees

The Great Resignation / Migration

TEFLON (non-stick) Employees

- Minimal engagement
- Low commitment
- Highly effected by circumstances
- Extremely influenced by others + the media
- Loyalty to others is not a high value





"Sticky" Employees

- Not constantly looking for another job
- Willing to "stick with it" through difficult seasons
- Positive, hopeful attitude
- Feel a positive connection to colleagues

The Great Resignation / Migration: What's the "Why"?

The "Why's" Behind the Great Resignation / Migration

- Reassessment of values and lifestyle
- Excuse to make a change have been thinking about previously
- New opportunities due to remote & working from home options
- More money?

Most managers (89%) think employees leave for more money.

Only 12%

of employees say they leave for money.



The "Why's" Behind the Great Resignation / Migration

- Reassessment of values and lifestyle
- > Excuse to make a change have been thinking about
- > New opportunities due to remote & working from home options
- More money?
- Workplace culture

The "Why's" Behind the Great Resignation / Migration

Workplace Culture

- 63% of employees with bad managers are thinking of leaving within next 12 months
- 59% of employees are neutral or disagree with the statement, "My
 organization is effective at helping employees feel seen and appreciated
 at work."

A recent study* by MIT found company culture was

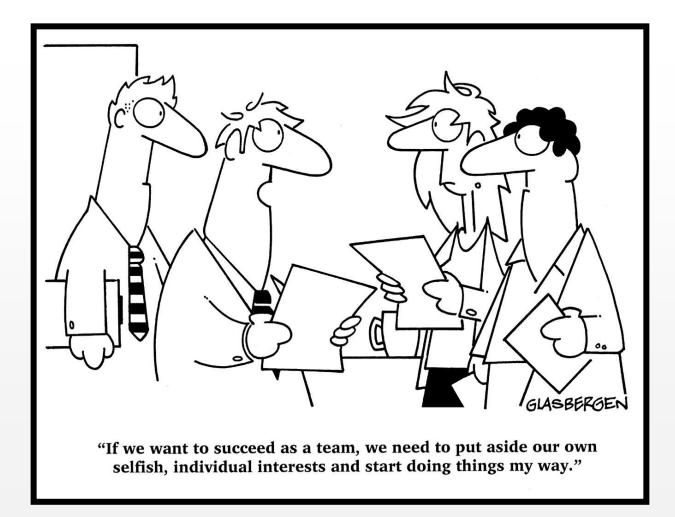
10.4x

more likely to predict employee attrition than compensation

*January 2022

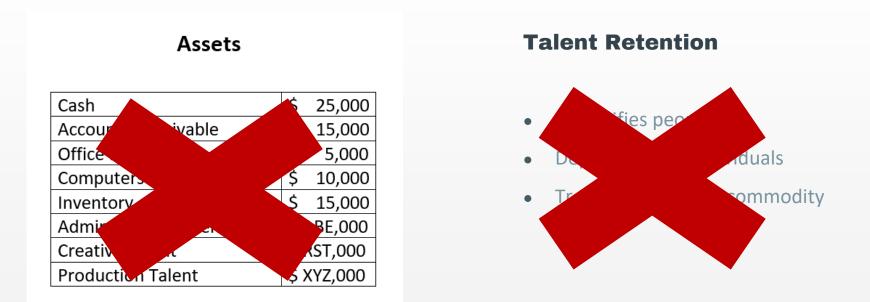


"I've seen the error of my ways and I've decided to start being more respectful to my coworkers. Hey, bozo, I'm talking to you!"



A Word About Terms:

Talent Retention

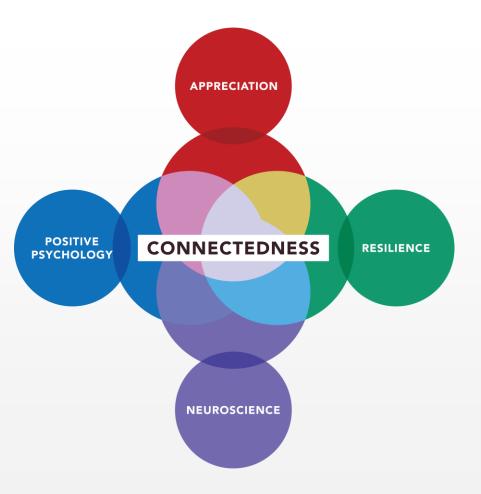


A Word About Terms: Employee Retention



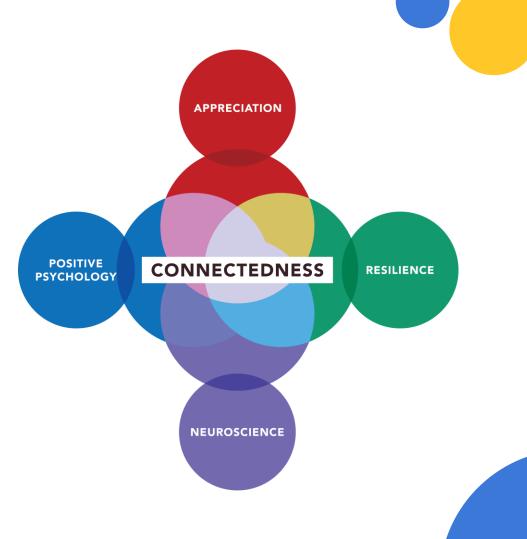
Connectedness

The amazing convergence of four distinct areas of social science result in increased connectedness



Connectedness

How to build connectedness with others



The Importance of Connectedness

- 77% of employees report they want to work for a company where they feel
 connected to the purpose & the people
- 58% of employees report they would consider leaving their job if they didn't feel connected. (65% for 25-30 y.o.s)



The Importance of Connectedness

- 84% of HR professionals agree that hybrid or remote work requires a change in how to facilitate employee connection
- Only **38%** of employees agree that their organization is effective at helping them build **authentic relationships** with coworkers and managers.

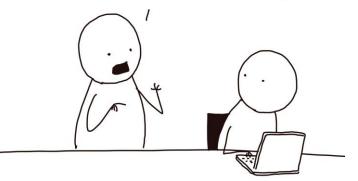


Barriers to Connectedness

- Remote work settings
- Rotating teams / Short work assignments
- Busyness
- Organizational culture and values

What Connectedness Isn't

OH, I SEE YOU'RE BUSY, SO I'LL KEEP TALKING.



OSTEINDERGDRAWSCARTOONS CartoonStock.com Me on my way to annoy my coworkers instead of being productive:





Positive Psychology

How Did We Get Here?

The Four Waves of Psychology

- The First Wave: The Disease Model (Freud)
 - Focused on pathology
 - Forgot about improving normal lives
- The Second Wave: Behaviorism (Skinner, Watson, Pavlov)
 - Behavior was a function of reward, reinforcement and punishment



- The Third Wave: Humanistic Psychology (Maslow, Carl Rogers)
 - Holistic approach, Self-actualization, Philosophical
- The Fourth Wave: Positive Psychology
- The Fifth Wave: Neuroscience

Where Positive Psychology Has Led Us

- Positive, Growth Orientation
- Focus on Authenticity, Strength Development, Making Life Better
- Core Concepts: Flow, Strengths, Gratitude, Appreciation, Optimism
- Key Leaders:

Martin Seligman, Albert Bandura, Donald Clifton, Carol Dweck, Brene' Brown

Resilience

Resilience: Definition

- *Etymology*: Resilience comes from the Latin term <u>resilio</u>
 "back from a jump, bounce".
- The American Psychological Association defines *resilience* as *"the process of adapting well in the face of adversity, trauma, tragedy, threats or even significant sources of stress"*

Resilience: Examples

- Individuals: Nelson Mandela
- Community: Gulf Coast (USA)
- Company / Organization: Lego's







Resilience: Research

Helpful Characteristics to Develop Resiliency

- Loving, emotionally responsive home environment as a child
- Ability to manage your emotional responses
- A realistic and positive sense of self-efficacy ("I can do this")
- Active problem-solving
- Participating within a community

Resilience: Research (cont.)

Not Helpful (undermine a person's resilience)

- Rejection
- Loneliness
- Anger & Irritability (from long-term stress)
- Overuse of Alcohol & Drugs
- Excessive Use of Fantasy & Withdrawal from Responsibility

Ways to Increase Resilience

TIP 1: Maintain a social support network. TIP 2: Keep a third place. TIP 3: Help others. TIP 4: Exercise. TIP 5: Reduce criticism of yourself. TIP 6: Put Resilient Thinking into Practice.





Types of Social Support

- Size & extent of social network (Structural social support)
- Perception that interactions are helpful

(Functional social support)

Feeling respected and cared for by others

(Emotional social support)

Goods and services that help solve practical problems

(Instrumental / Material social support)

• Advice and guidance to cope with stressors

(Informational social support)



Neuroscience

Recent Research: Our Brains Interact with Others

- Nonverbal "fast brain" activity
- Empathy increases connectedness through neurocommunication
- High levels of trust among colleagues increases how much people enjoy their work.
- Giving to others increases neurological responses related to joy, peace and harmony for the *giver*.



Neuroscience: Smiling and Greeting



When we are greeted with eye contact, a smile, and a warm verbal greeting, the neurological response is the same as when people report feeling joy.

Neuroscience: Face to Face Interaction





Appreciation

Appreciation

Authentic appreciation:

- Not the same as employee recognition.
- Not just verbal. (Over 50% of employees choose a

different way they want to be shown appreciation.)

- Goal is <u>not</u> to make others feel good.
- Goal is to create a healthy, well-functioning organization.
- Not the primary responsibility of managers and supervisors.

The Results of Appreciation

- Positive, cooperative environment
- Team members work together well
- Clients & strategic partners have
- positive experiences with you
- Decreased conflict
- Increased productivity and higher profitability
- Staff retention increases



79%

of employees who quit their jobs cite a **lack of appreciation** as a **key factor** for their leaving



A recent study by MIT found **company culture** was



more likely to predict employee attrition than compensation

Research: Remote vs. Onsite Appreciation

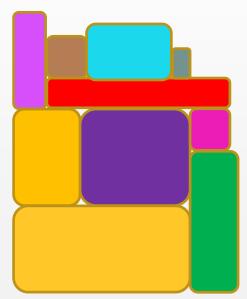
Keys to Effectiveness:

- Proactive
- Peers
- Personal

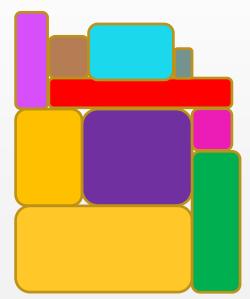




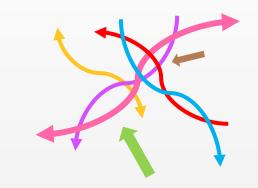
Structured Interactions



Structured Interactions +



+ Spontaneous Experiences



Connectedness: Thought Experiment

- Think about a colleague (present or past) that you feel (or felt) connected to personally.
- What experiences did you have together that helped build your sense of connection?
- What do you know about them their likes & dislikes, interests, background, favorite food / drinks / leisure activities?



- Share some about yourself
- They share some about themselves
- Get to know each others'
 - interests and "likes"
- Eat together
- Find common areas of background and experiences

• Do tasks together

- Help one another out
- Celebrate life successes and

experiences

- Live through stressful times together
- See each other in different contexts and settings

Authentic Appreciation and Connectedness

- Appreciation is person to person.
- Appreciation & Connectedness occurs among team members at all levels.
- Appreciation at Work training provides the structure to begin to build Connectedness.
- Appreciation at Work resources help colleagues get to know one another at a personal level.



Available Resources

- Books
- Codes for taking the *MBA Inventory*
- Training resources

(online "train the trainer")

• Articles, videos, podcasts

www.appreciationatwork.com



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Research from Positive Psychology, Resilience,

Neuroscience, and Appreciation is showing us how to build

connectedness between our employees and team

members. We now have no excuse to let our colleagues

continue in a disconnected, lonely state of life.

Let's capture the opportunity!



Thank you for joining us!

This program is pre-approved for ONE HRCI Credit and ONE SHRM PDC





HRCI Activity/ Program ID: 591818 SHRM Activity/ Program ID: 22-AKSWV